

Outlier Detection in the DESI Bright Galaxy Survey

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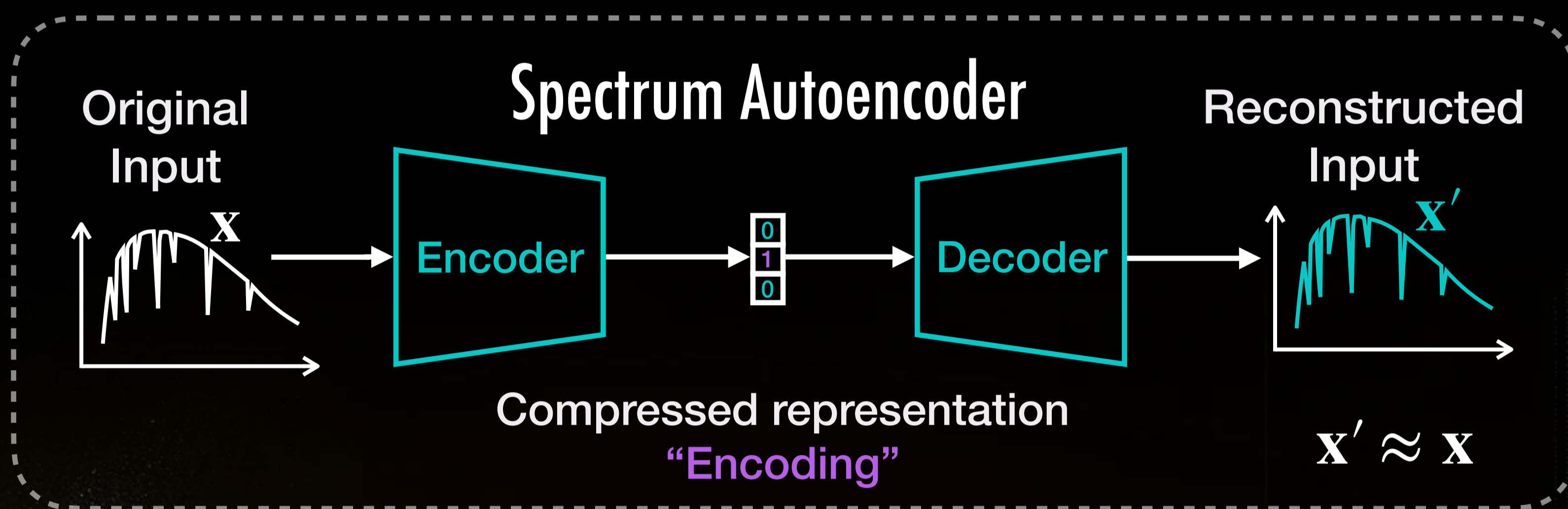


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ABSTRACT

We present an **unsupervised search for outliers** in the Bright Galaxy Survey (BGS) data set from the DESI Early Data Release. This analysis utilizes an **autoencoder** to compress galaxy spectra into a compact, redshift-invariant latent space, and a normalizing flow to identify low-probability objects. The most prominent outliers show distinctive spectral features, such as **irregular or double-peaked emission lines** or originate from **galaxy mergers, blended sources, and rare quasar types**, including one previously unknown broad absorption line system.



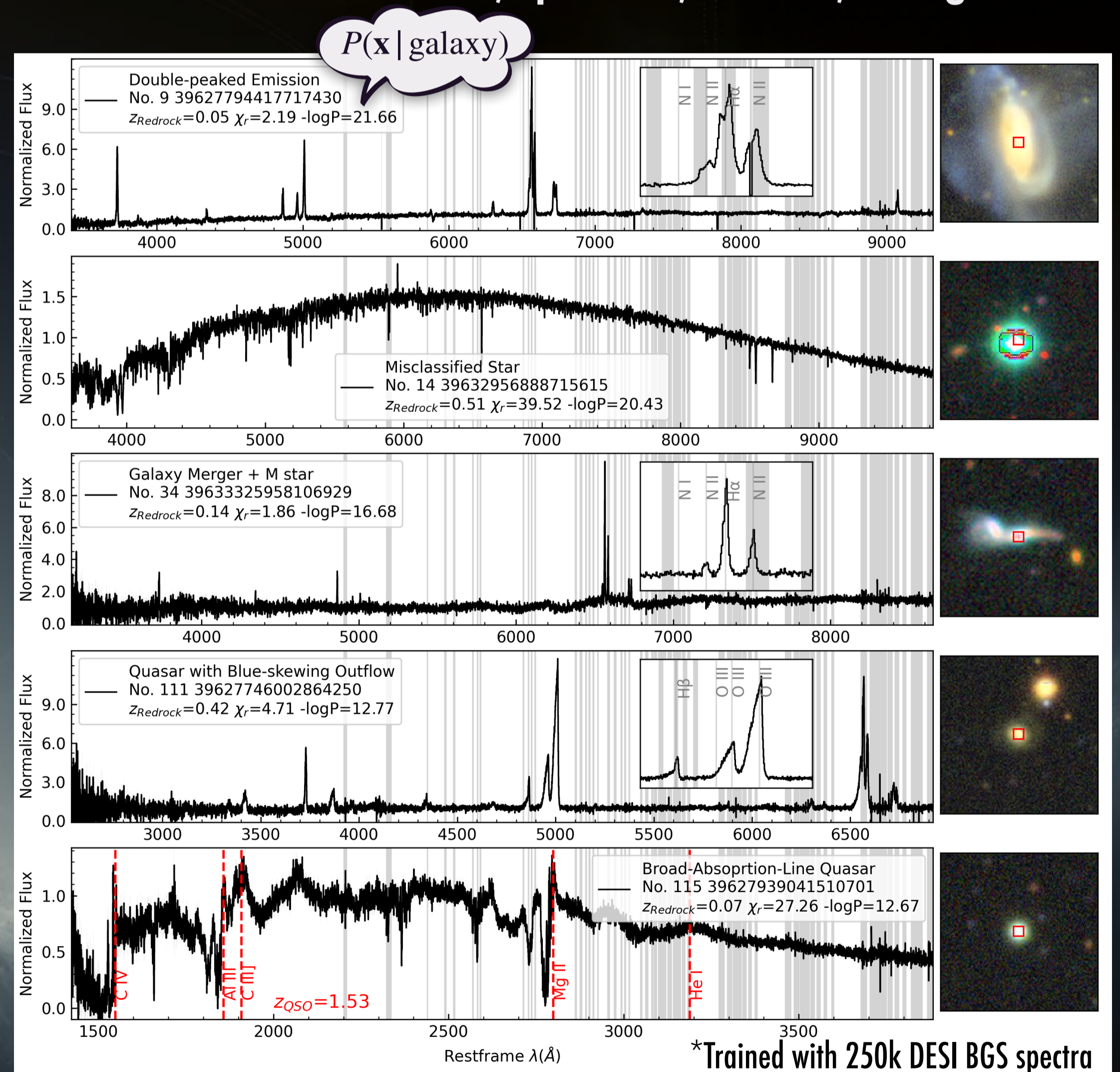
Challenge: disentangle redshift from spectral type variation

Identified outliers: stars, quasars, blends, mergers

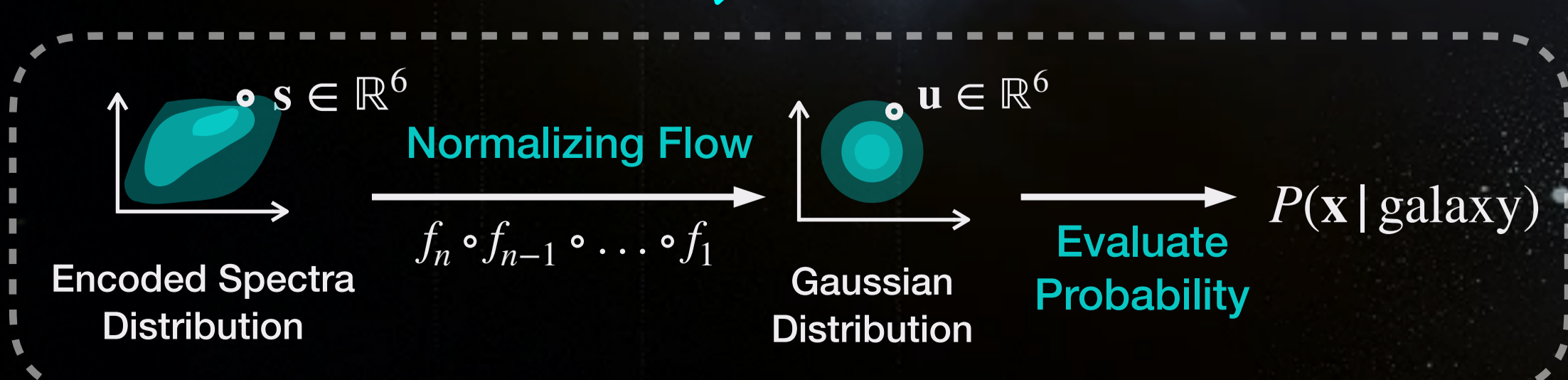
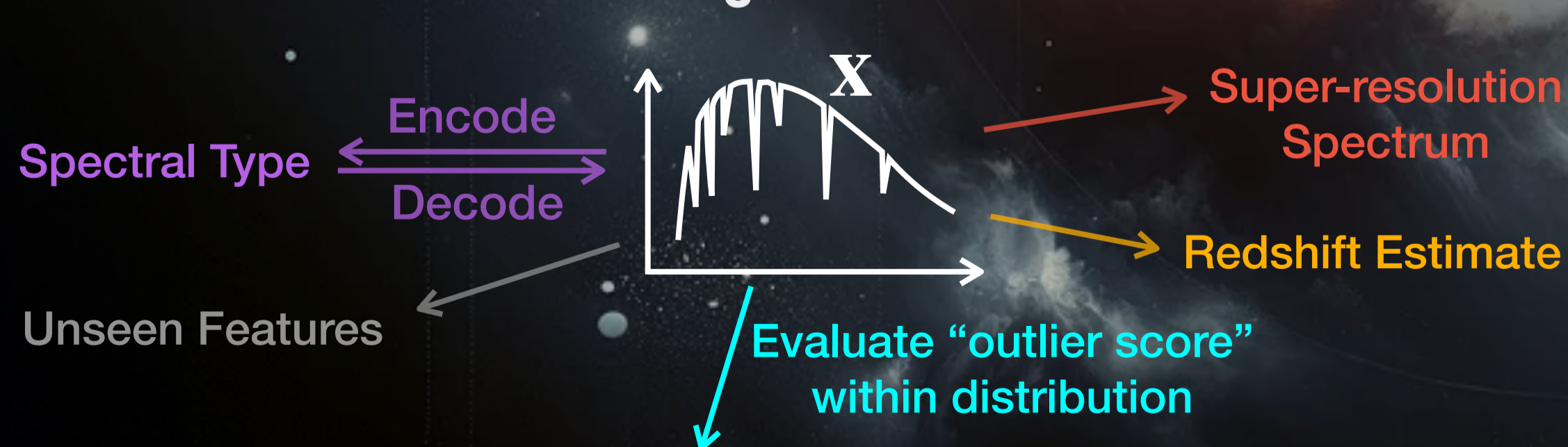
Redshift Variation
 $\lambda_{\text{obs}} = \lambda_{\text{rest}}(1+z)$
 z = 0.00, z = 0.15, z = 0.30

Spectral Type Variation
 Not fully understood

Our solution: introduce **redshift-invariance** to the encoding through a new loss term. (Liang et al. 2023a)
"Encourages physically similar spectra to cluster in latent space"



Redshift-invariant Encoding: what can we do with it?



Access our full catalog of outlier scores at:
<https://github.com/pmelchior/spender>

Reference

Melchior, Peter, et al. "Autoencoding Galaxy Spectra. I. Architecture." *The Astronomical Journal* 166.2 (2023): 74.
 Liang, Yan, et al. "Autoencoding Galaxy Spectra. II. Redshift Invariance and Outlier Detection." *The Astronomical Journal* 166.2 (2023): 75.
 Liang, Yan, et al. "Outlier Detection in the DESI Bright Galaxy Survey." *The Astrophysical Journal Letters* 956.1 (2023): L6.



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If you have any further questions or thoughts, please reach out to: yanliang@princeton.edu