

Magnetic capture and the CV formation channel for AM CVn stars

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Wild stars in the Old West II, Tucson, March 17, 2009

Outline

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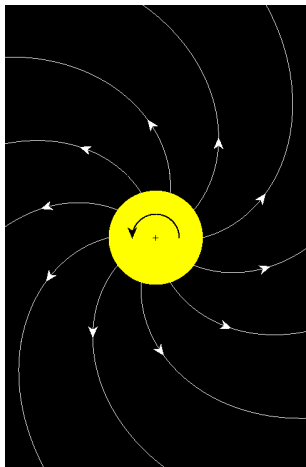


AM CVn stars

Properties

- 23 systems known
- Short orbital periods: 5–65 min
 - degenerate or semi-degenerate donor
 - low-frequency gravitational-wave sources
- Helium-dominated spectra
 - No traces of H found
 - $H/He \lesssim 10^{-5}$
- Possible donors
 - He/CO white dwarf
 - helium star
 - evolved main-sequence star

Magnetic capture

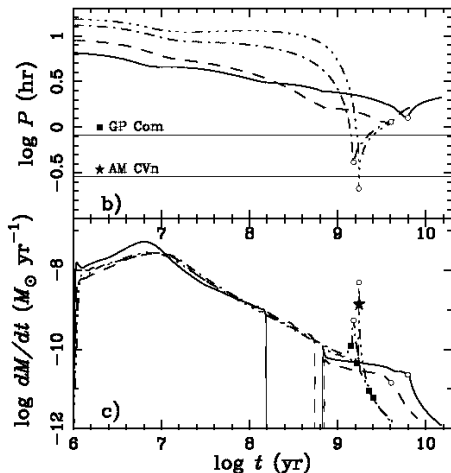


- Donor star fills Roche lobe around TAMS
- Magnetic braking on donor removes AM from orbit
- AM loss due to GWs takes over at short orbital periods
- Periods below 70–80 min possible

e.g. Pylyser & Savonije 1988,89, Podsiadlowski et al., 2002,03, van der Sluys et al., 2005a,b



Podsiadlowski et al., 2003



Podsiadlowski et al., 2003

- MB: Verbunt & Zwaan, 1981; Rappaport, Verbunt & Joss, 1983
- $M_{\text{WD}} : 0.6 - 1.0 M_{\odot}$
- $M_{2,i} : 0.8 - 1.4 M_{\odot}$
- $t_{\text{RLOF}} \sim 7 - 11 \text{ Gyr}$
- $t_{P_{\text{min}}} \sim \text{few Gyr}$
- P_{min} down to $\sim 10 \text{ min}$
- $X_{\text{H}} \sim 1 - 20\%$

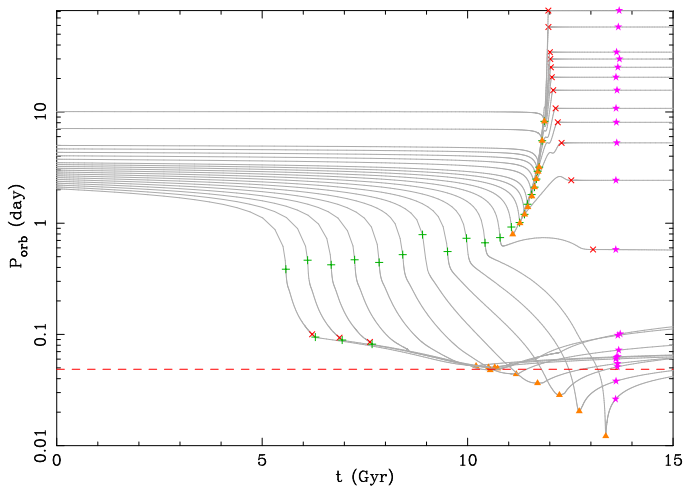


Binary-evolution models

- Eggleton's *TWIN* binary-evolution code (Eggleton 1971, 1972, etc., Pols et al., 1995)
- MB: Rappaport, Verbunt & Joss, 1983; $\gamma = 4$:
 - MB decreases as $\exp\left(1 - \frac{0.02}{q_{\text{conv}}}\right)$ for $q_{\text{conv}} \equiv \frac{M_{\text{conv}}}{M_*} < 0.02$ (Podsiadlowski et al., 2002)
 - No MB if $q_{\text{conv}} = 1$
- Analytic GW evolution after P_{min}
- Mass transfer fully non-conservative
- $M_{\text{WD}} = 1.0 M_{\odot}$; $M_{2,i} = 0.7 - 1.5 M_{\odot}$
- $P_i \sim 0.4 - 5.5$ days; $\sim 20-40$ models per $M_{2,i}$



Period evolution



$$M_i = 1.0 M_{\odot}$$

+ start MT

× end MT

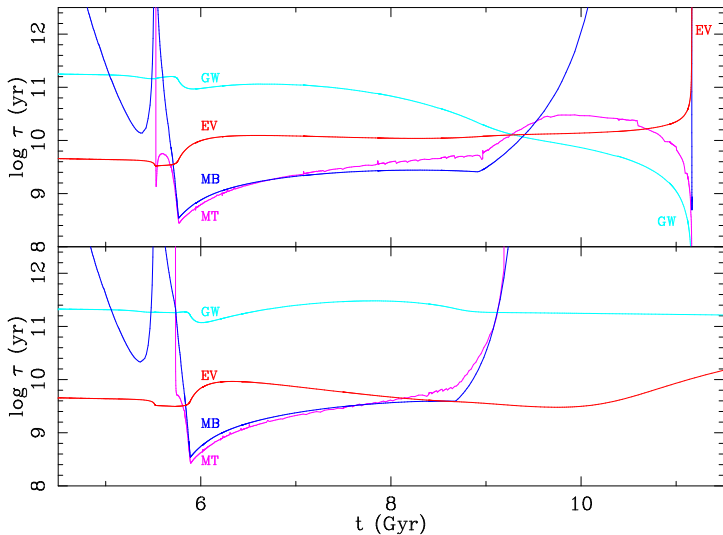
▲ P_{\min}

★ t_H

○ end track

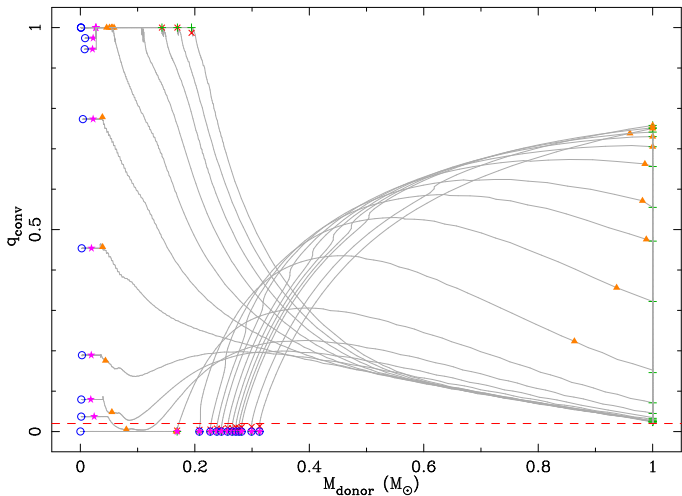
van der Sluys et al., in preparation

Timescales



van der Sluis et al., 2005

Convective mass fraction



$$M_i = 1.0 M_{\odot}$$

+ start MT

x end MT

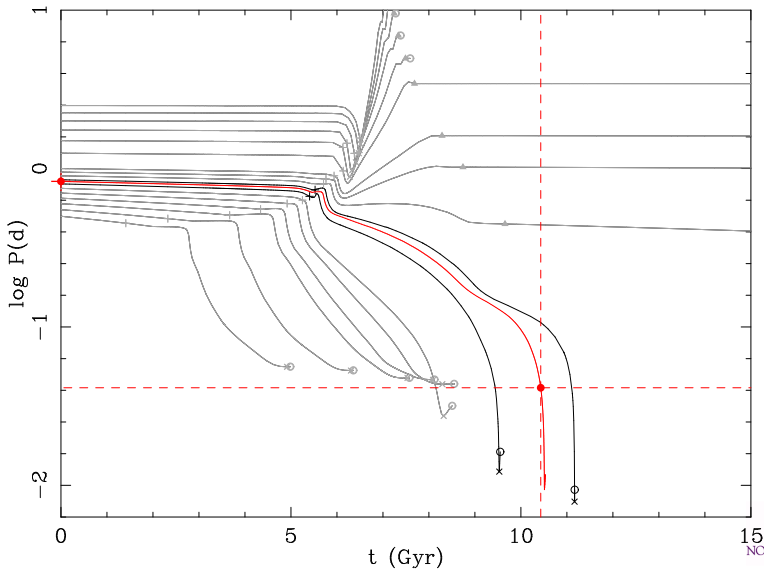
▲ P_{min}

★ t_H

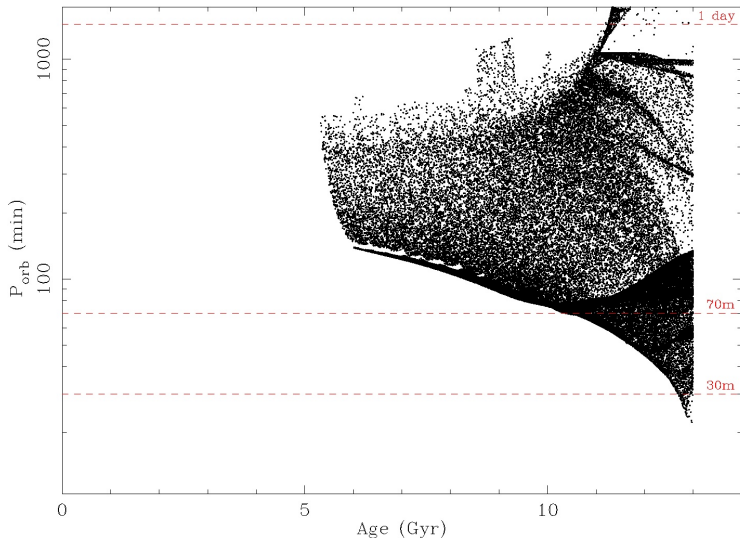
○ end track



Interpolation of $t - \log P$ tracks



Monte-Carlo simulation



$$M_i = 1.0 M_{\odot}$$

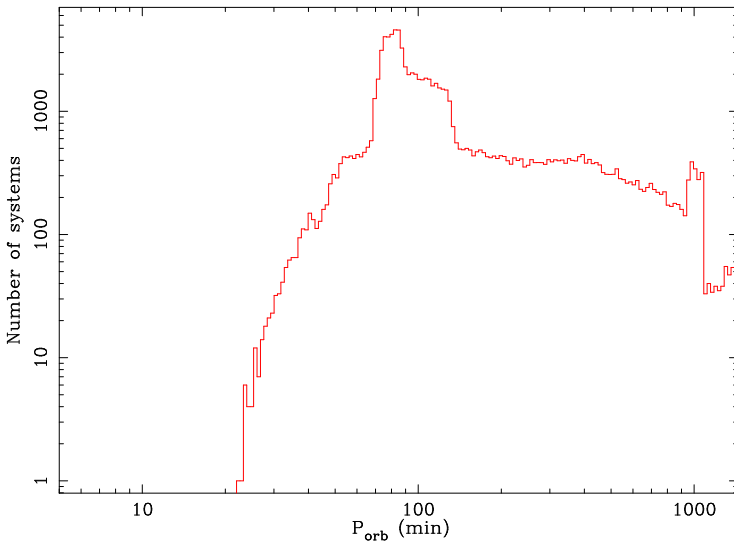
10^6
binaries

$$0.5 \text{ day} \lesssim$$

$$P_i \lesssim 5.5 \text{ day}$$

van der Sluys et al.,
in preparation

Period histogram

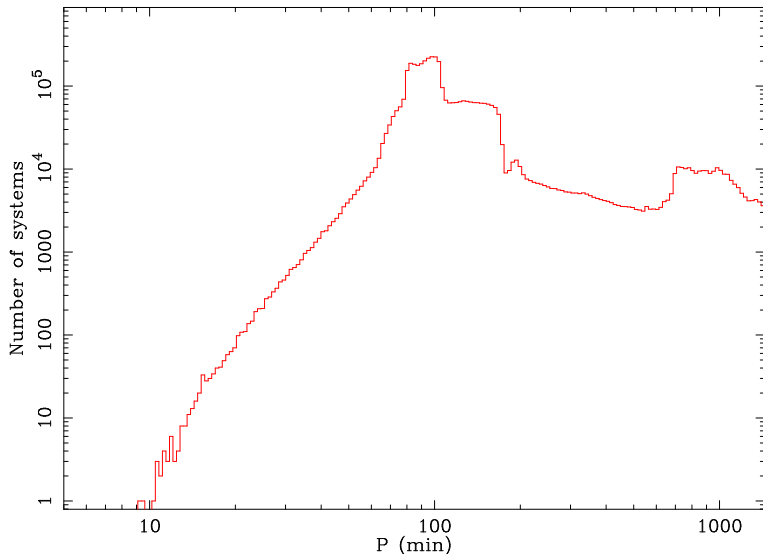


$$M_i = 1.0 M_{\odot}$$

10^6
binaries

$$0.5 \text{ day} \lesssim P_i \lesssim 5.5 \text{ day}$$

Combined period histogram



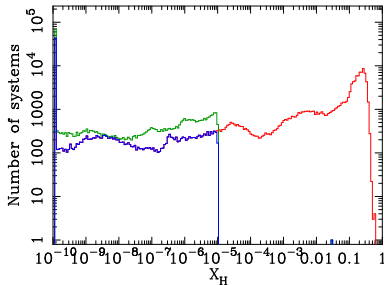
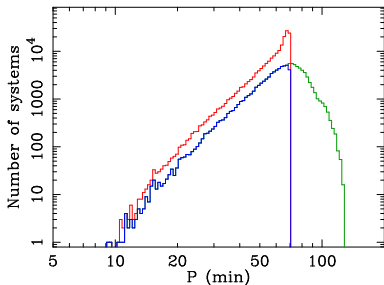
$$M_i = 0.7 - 1.5 M_\odot$$

9×10^6
initial
binaries

0.4 day \lesssim
 $P_i \lesssim$
5.5 day

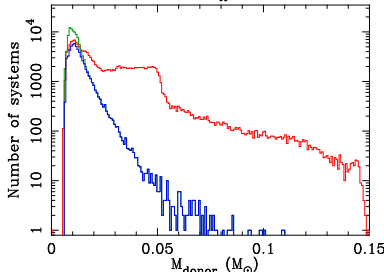
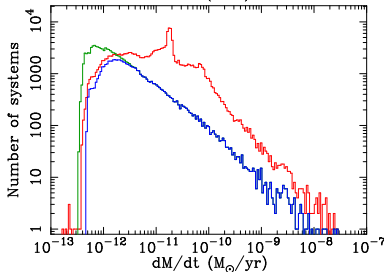
4.1×10^6
CVs

Ultra-compact/AM CVn population



$P < 70$ min:
174,448 sys

$X_H < 10^{-5}$:
103,900 sys



$P < 70$ min,
 $X_H < 10^{-5}$:
61,713 sys

van der Sluis et al.,
in preparation



Choice of magnetic-braking prescription

Rappaport, Verbunt & Joss

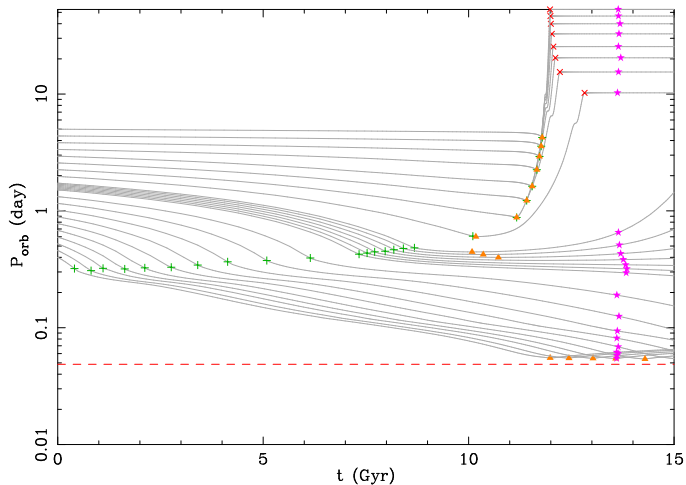
$$\frac{dJ_{\text{MB}}}{dt} = -3.8 \times 10^{-30} \eta \left(\frac{M}{M_{\odot}} \right) \left(\frac{R}{R_{\odot}} \right)^4 \omega^3 \text{ dyn cm}$$

Sills et al., 2000; Andronov et al., 2003

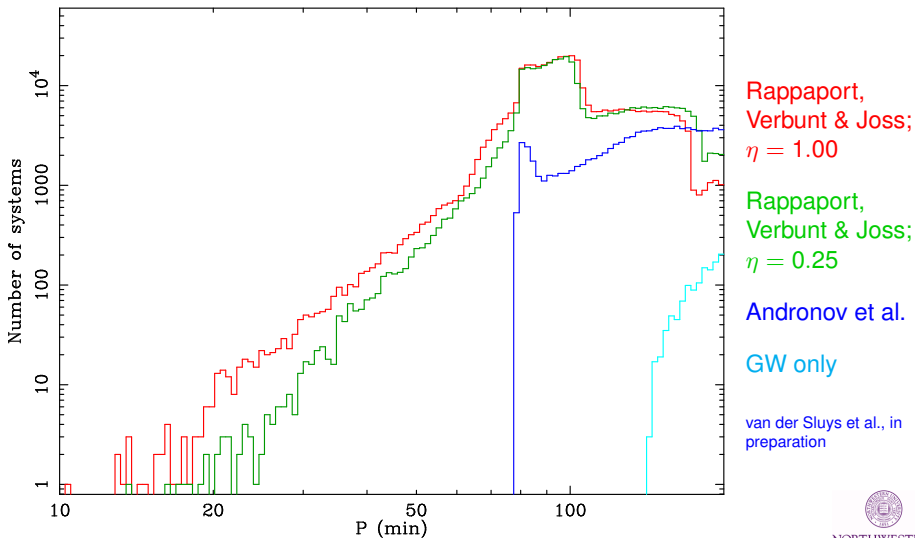
$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dJ_{\text{MB}}}{dt} &= -K \left(\frac{R}{R_{\odot}} \right)^{0.5} \left(\frac{M}{M_{\odot}} \right)^{-0.5} \omega^3, & \omega \leq \omega_{\text{crit}} \\ &= -K \left(\frac{R}{R_{\odot}} \right)^{0.5} \left(\frac{M}{M_{\odot}} \right)^{-0.5} \omega \omega_{\text{crit}}^2, & \omega > \omega_{\text{crit}} \end{aligned}$$

$$K = 2.7 \times 10^{47} \text{ g cm}^2 \text{ s}; \quad \omega_{\text{crit}} = \omega_{\text{crit},\odot} \frac{\tau_{\text{to},\odot}}{\tau_{\text{to}}}; \quad \omega_{\text{crit},\odot} \approx 2.5 \text{ day}$$

Saturated magnetic braking



Effect of magnetic-braking prescription



Conclusions & to do

Conclusions

- With the magnetic-capture scenario, a relatively large number of ultra-compact CVs can be produced
- A sizable fraction of these have $X_{\text{H}} < 10^{-5}$ and would be observed as AM CVn stars
- If H-poor, ultra-compact CVs would be observed as AM CVns, we would expect many H-rich systems
- A saturated magnetic-braking prescription increases the minimum period found from ~ 10 min to ~ 75 min

To do

- Expand range of WD-accretor masses
- Convert relative numbers to absolute number of systems in the Galaxy
- Find observable distinction between He-WD channel and CV-channel AM CVn stars