

Time Domain Astronomy with the System

Time Domain Astronomy

- Targets of Opportunity
 - GRBs
 - SNe, etc
- Time Domain Surveys
 - Microlensing (SuperMACHO, MOA...)
 - SN Ia (Essence, CFH SNLS,...)
 - Solar System (Linear, DES,...)
 - Stellar variability (OGLE, ...)

Producers and Consumers

- Surveys/Instruments Producing Alerts
 - SNLS, SM, Essence, OGLE, MOA
 - Future
 - Dark Energy Camera
 - PanSTARRS
 - LSST
- Response Facilities
 - Prompt, Raptor, ETC
 - Gemini, Keck, Magellan, VLT, etc

Time Domain Case Studies

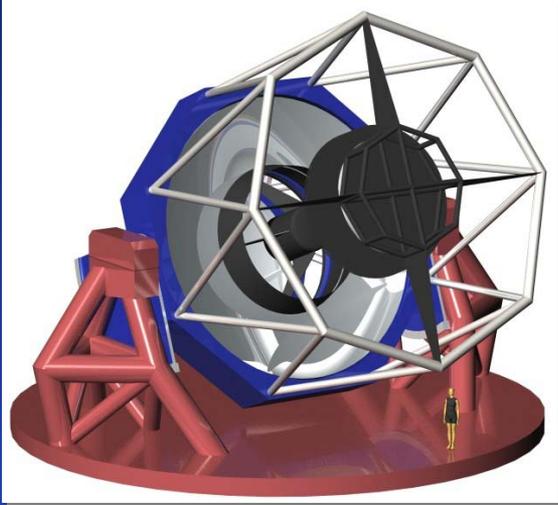
- SuperMACHO + ESSENCE
 - NOAO survey program on Blanco 4m
 - Follow up: Gemini, Magellan, Keck
 - NSF funding
 - Data public immediately,
 - Alerts in real time
 - Images available rapidly from NOAO archive

System-atic Challenges

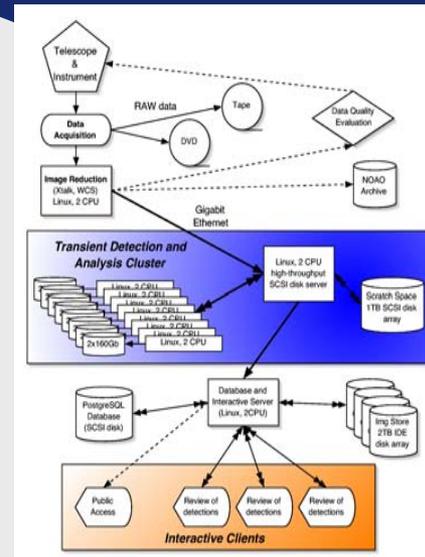
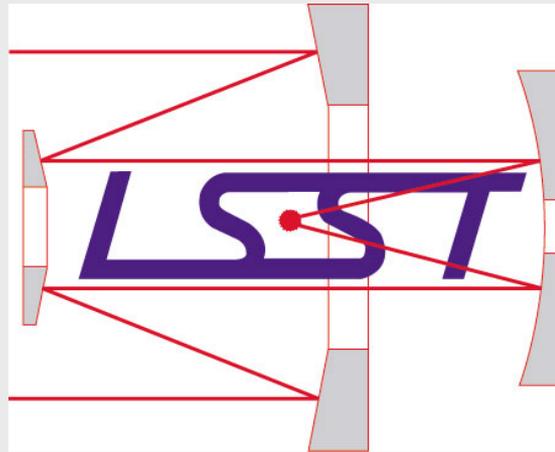
- **Rapid Access**
 - Image follow up
 - Spectroscopic follow up
- **Long Term Access**
 - Surveys can be long
 - Follow up tends to be short term
- **Space/Ground System**
 - Space to ground: GRBs
 - Ground to Space: SN Ia

Time Domain *AND* Wide Field

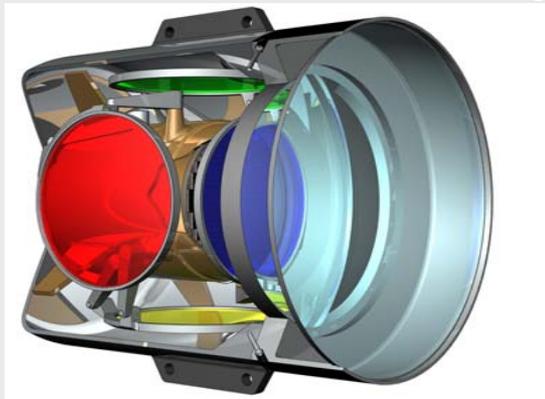
Large-aperture Synoptic
Survey Telescope



8 meter-class optics



18 Terabytes/night



2.8 Gpixel Detector

LSST Motivation

- Probe Dark Energy & Dark Matter
- Open the Time Window
 - Faint Transients (GRB, SN, ...?)
 - Variability studies: stars, galaxies...
- Unprecedented Planetary Probes
 - NEO > 300m, KBO, Comets, debris

Requires: reach 24 V mag in <15 sec
over ~5-10 sq deg field

Massively Parallel Astrophysics

- Dark matter/dark energy via weak lensing
- Dark matter/dark energy via supernovae
- Galactic Structure encompassing local group
- Dense astrometry over 30000 sq.deg: rare moving objects
- Gamma Ray Bursts and transients to high redshift
- Gravitational micro-lensing
- Strong galaxy & cluster lensing: physics of dark matter
- Multi-image lensed SN time delays: separate test of cosmology
- Variable stars/galaxies: black hole accretion
- QSO time delays vs z : independent test of dark energy
- Optical bursters to 25 mag: the unknown
- 5-band 27 mag photometric survey: unprecedented volume
- Solar System Probes: Earth-crossing asteroids, Comets, TNOs

Figure of Merit

Area surveyed (number of objects found) to some SNR at some magnitude limit, per unit time:

Science goals

Apparatus & Eff.

$$\frac{N}{t} = \frac{\varphi_{\text{obj}}^2 A \Omega QE \varepsilon}{(\text{SNR})^2 \varphi_{\text{sky}} (\delta\Omega)}$$

site & optics

A – aperture

Ω – camera FOV

QE – det. Eff.

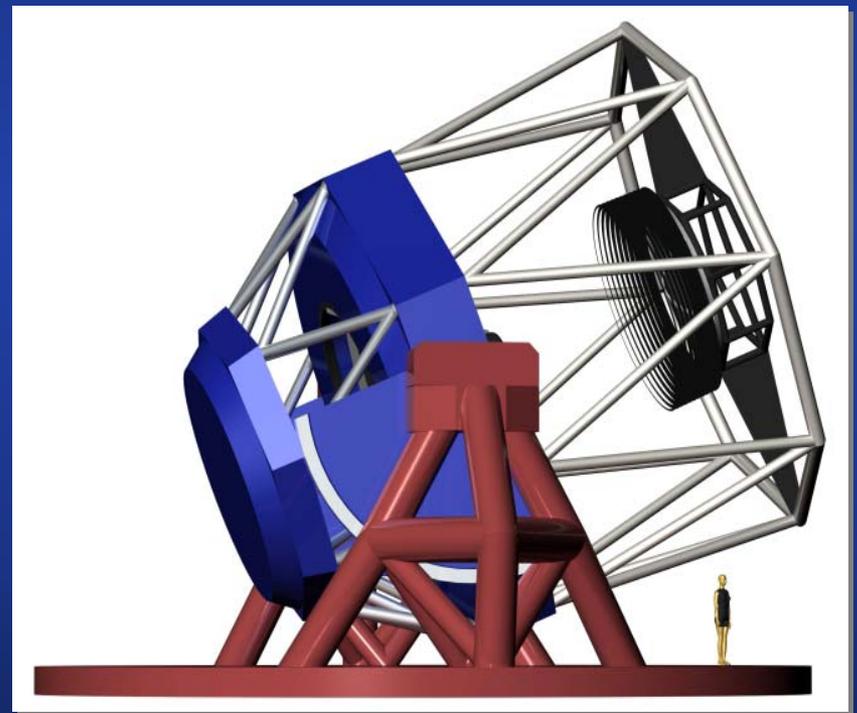
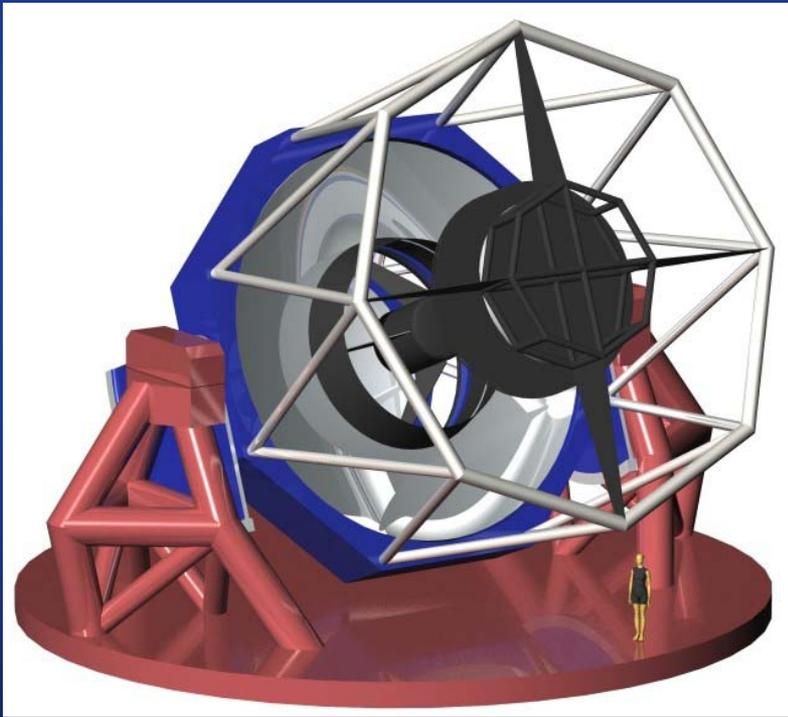
ε – observing eff.

Φ_{sky} – sky flux

dΩ – seeing footprint

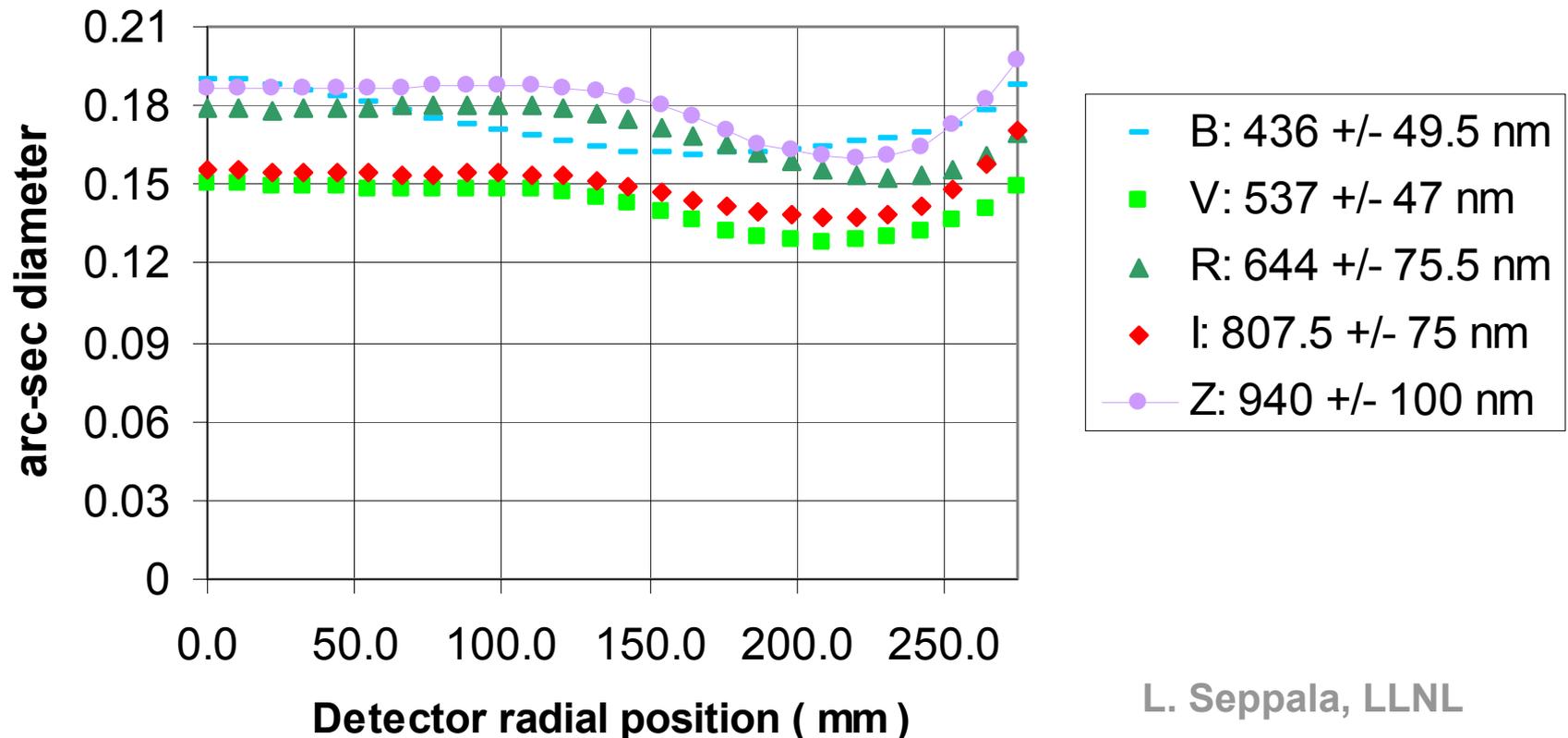
The LSST Telescope

$$A\Omega = 270\text{-}330 \text{ m}^2 \text{ deg}^2$$



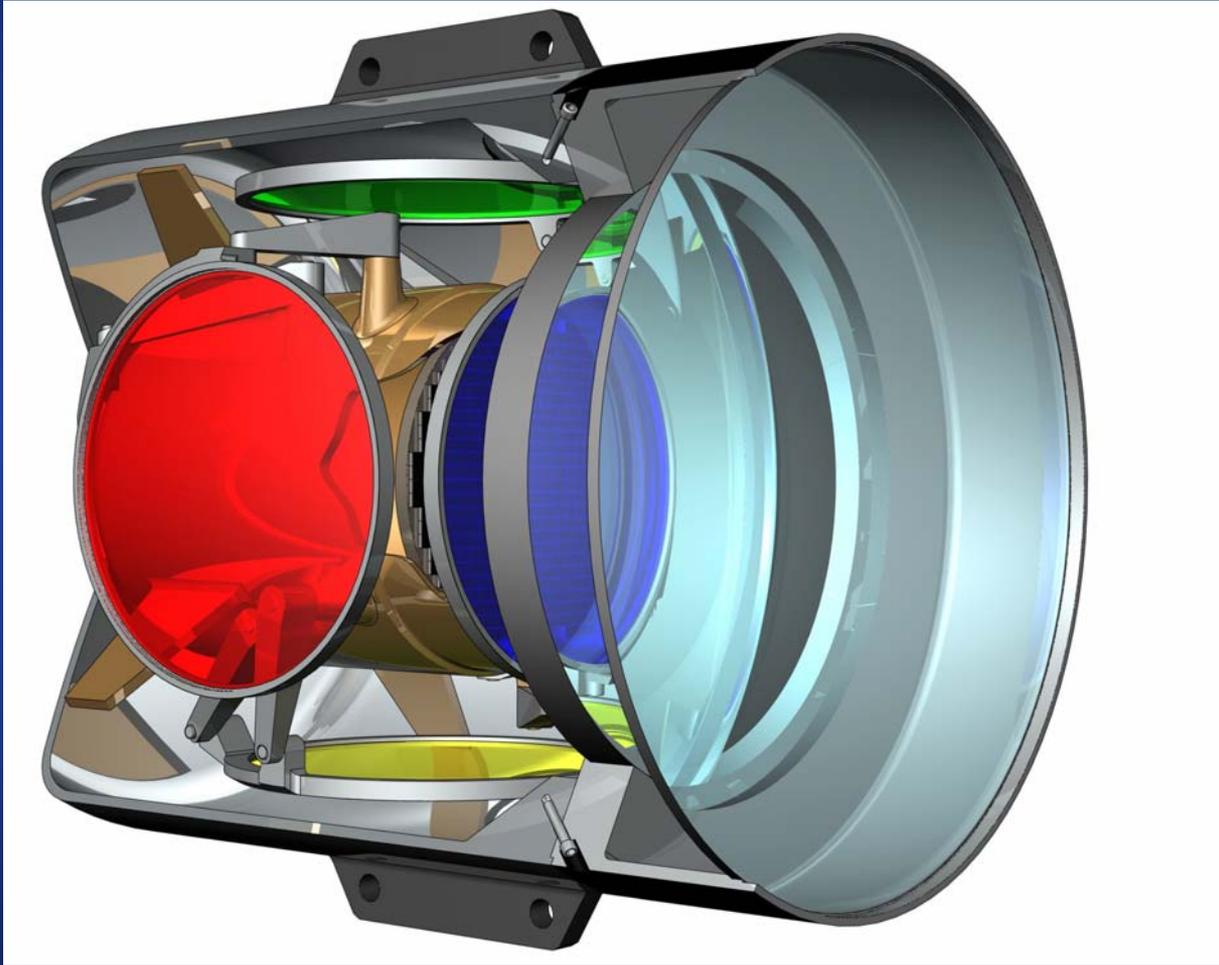
Crisp Images Over Entire Field

80% polychromatic diffraction energy collection



L. Seppala, LLNL

2.8 billion pixels



LSST Data Rates

- 2.8 billion pixels read out in less than 2 sec, every 12 sec
- 1 pixel = 2 Bytes (raw)
- Over 3 GBytes/sec peak raw data from camera
- Real-time processing and transient detection: < 10 sec
- Dynamic range: 4 Bytes / pixel
- > 0.6 GB/sec average in pipeline
- Real-time reduction requires ~ 50 Tflops peak
- Data rate is comparable to ATLAS on LHC.

LSST Data Products

- Real time alerts (~ 10 sec latency)
- Catalogs in database(s)
 - Photometric: $< 1\%$
 - Astrometric: ~ 10 mas
- Images:
 - Time series (all saved)
 - Deep co-additions
 - Difference images
- Public access to all



RESEARCH CORPORATION



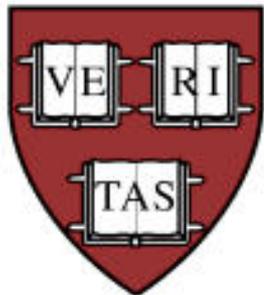
Stanford
Linear
Accelerator
Center



THE UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA,



UC DAVIS
University of California, Davis



Lucent Technologies
Bell Labs Innovations

