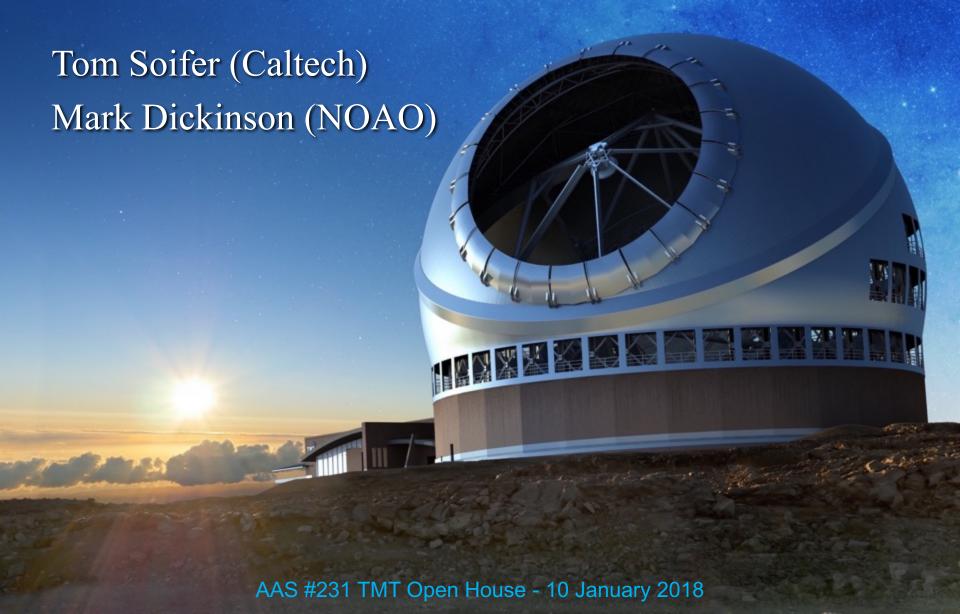
Thirty Meter Telescope (TMT) Open House





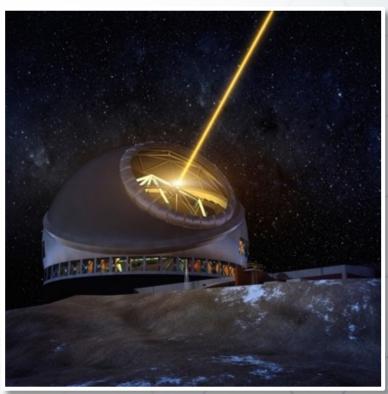
Session Overview

- TMT status
 - Overview
 - Technical status
 - Location, location, location
 - Hawai'i
 - La Palma as alternative site
- US community engagement and the NSF-TMT cooperative agreement
- Q&A



TMT in a nutshell

- Wide-field, Alt-Az Ritchey-Chretien telescope
- 30m diameter primary mirror (492 hexagonal segments,
 - 1.44m across corners)
- Active secondary mirror (adaptive?)
- Flat tertiary mirror
- 2 Nasmyth platforms, up to 8 instruments, visible to IR wavelengths
- First-light AO system (NFIRAOS):
 - Laser Guide Star Facility Multi-Conjugate AO (MCAO)
 - Diffraction-limit at J, H, and K bands, can feed 3 instruments





Exo-Solar Systems

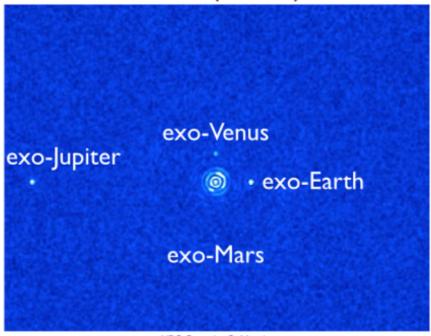
- 10 micron ExAO + coronagraphic imaging of terrestrial planets around nearby stars
- Spectroscopy to detect biomarkers (e.g., O₃, CH₄, CO₂)

Gemini South (8m)

Alpha Centauri A & B

A Exo-Earth

TMT (30m)

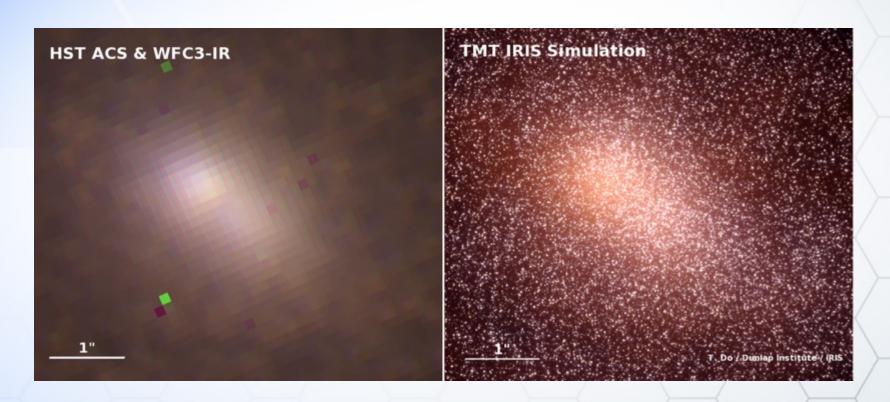


Figures: Christian Marois (NRC)



M31 nucleus

TMT will resolve stellar populations and stellar dynamics around the central supermassive black holes of nearby galaxies





TMT International Observatory, LLC

Members

- Canada, National Research Council
- California Institute of Technology
- China, Chinese Academy of Sciences
- India, Department of Science and Technology and Department of Atomic Energy
- Japan, National Institutes of Natural Sciences
- University of California

Associate

- NOAO/AURA consistent with the US NSF Cooperative Agreement
- Observers
 - University of Hawai'i, Gordon and Betty Moore Foundation

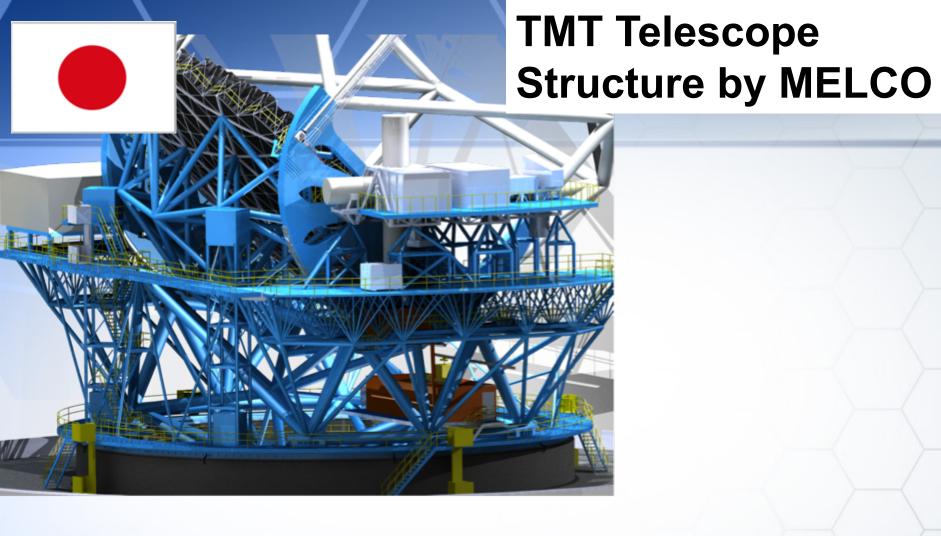


TMT Enclosure Final Design





AAS #231 TMT Open House - 10 January 2018





TMT Telescope Structure Main Structural Node





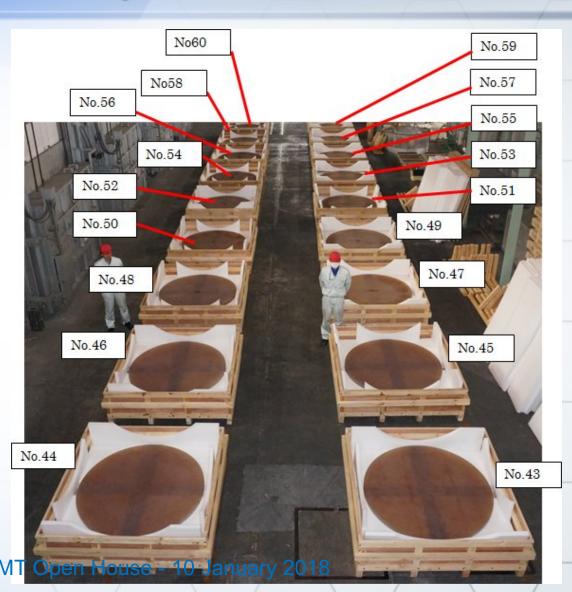
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M1 Segment Blank manufacturing is underway - Ohara



- Ohara is producing all of the 1.52 m diameter segment mirror blanks
 - Clearceram-Z HS zero expansion glass ceramic
- 213 blanks of the 574 have been completed to date
- Production is underway!



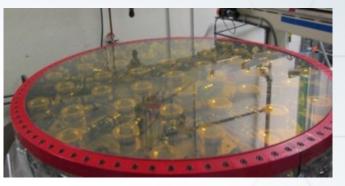


M1 Segment Polishing - Coherent





Full production polishing contract signed!



Stressing Fixture



Polishing the stressed AAS #231 TMT Open House - 10 January 2018

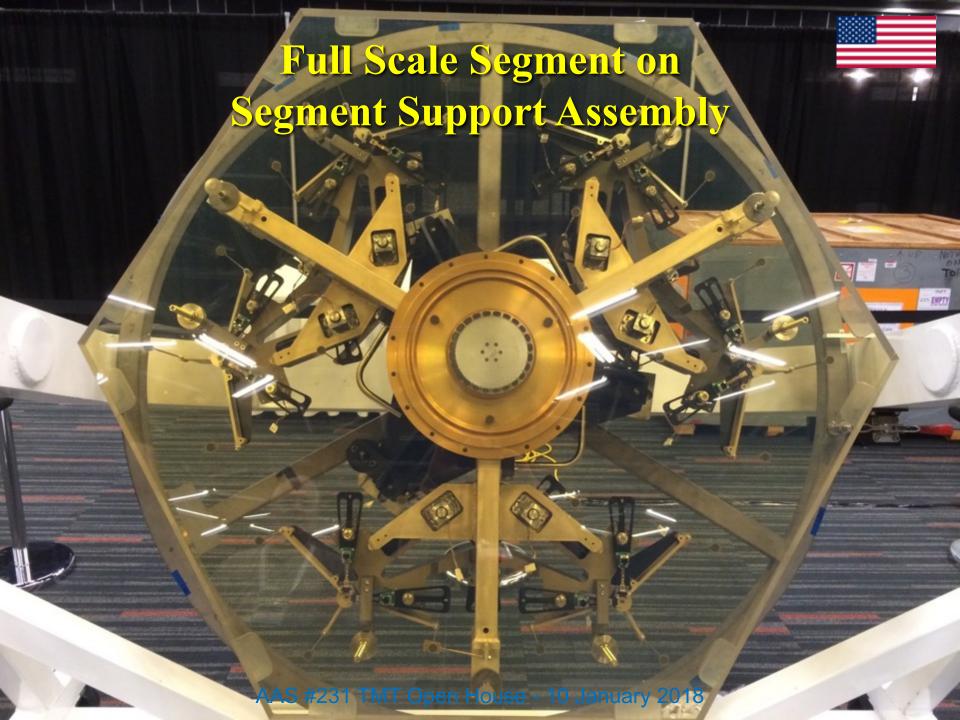


Primary Mirror Control System JPL, TMT-India



- Jet Propulsion Laboratory is responsible for the system design
- India is responsible for production of actuators, sensors, electronics



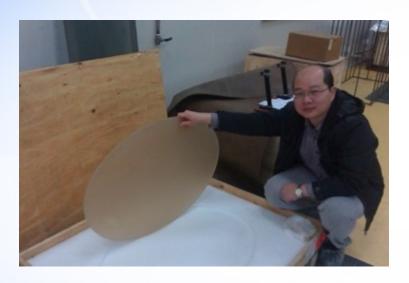




Tertiary Mirror System (M3) – CIOMP, Changchun



- The full-scale M3 system is in preliminary design phase
- In parallel, CIOMP has completed a ¼-scale prototype M3 system



Zerodur blank for subscale prototype mirror

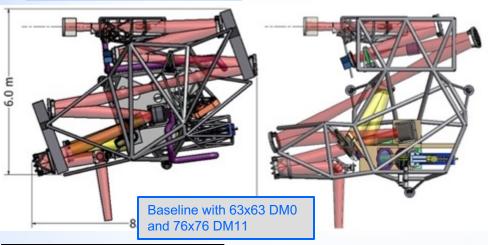


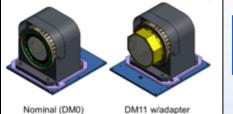




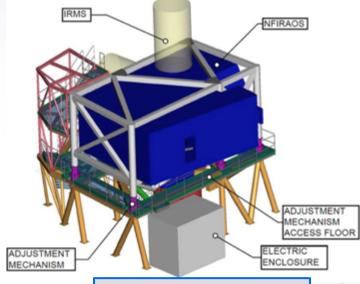
TMT Facility AO System NFIRAOS in Final Design Phase at NRC Herzberg



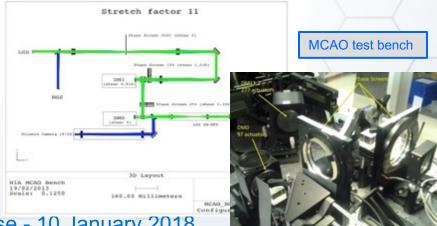




DM11 mounted on Tip/Tilt Stage for baseline configuration



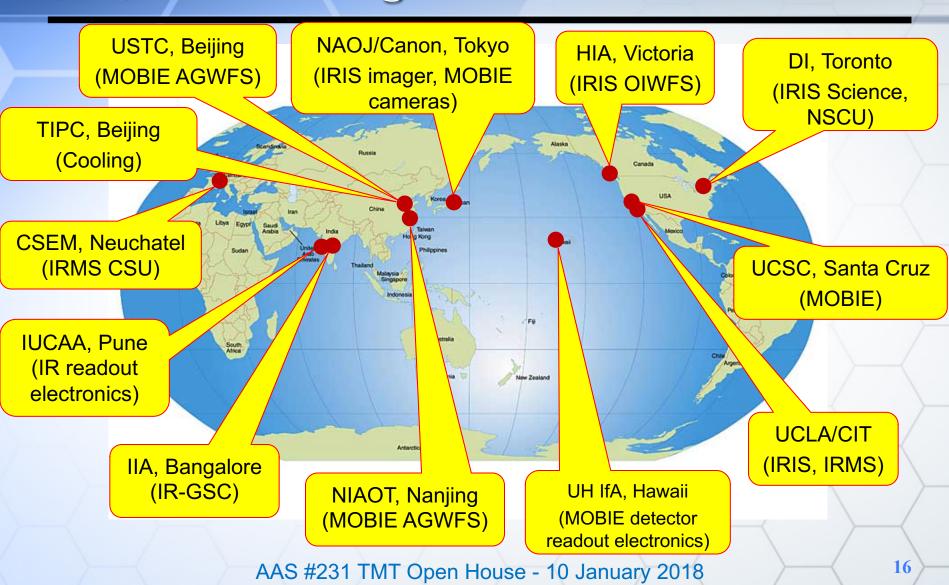
Interface with telescope structure



AAS #231 TMT Open House - 10 January 2018



TMT Global Participants First Light Science Instruments





Hawai'i History

- After 7 years of work all legal steps were completed for construction on July 23, 2014
- With permit and sublease in place, construction was to be initiated in Spring 2015
- Protests stopped construction vehicles on three occasions
- December 2, 2015 Hawai'i Supreme Court vacated the permit on procedural grounds
- A second Contested Case hearing and a second vote by the State of Board of Land and Natural Resources (BLNR) was required to get new permit



Contested Case II - CDUP

- Second contested case got underway in Oct 2016
- Following 44 days of testimony by 71 witnesses over five months, the hearing concluded in March 2017
- Oral arguments before the BLNR on Sep 20, 2017





18



Contested Case Hearing Officer: Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Recommended Decision and Order

BOARD OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES STATE OF HAWALI

IN THE MATTER OF

Contested Case Hearing Re Conservation District Use Application (CDUA) HA-3568 For the Thirty Meter Telescope at the Mauna Kea Science Reserve, Ka`ohe Mauka, Hamakua Hawai'i TMK (3) 4-4-015:009 CASE NO. BLNR-CC-16-002

PROPOSED FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DECISION AND ORDER

RECOMMENDED DECISION AND ORDER

Based on the foregoing findings of fact and conclusions of law, the CDUA and the TMT Management Plan is recommended for approval. A CDUP should be issued by the BLNR, subject to the following conditions:

- (1) UH Hilo shall comply with all applicable statutes, ordinances, rules, regulations, and conditions of the Federal, State, and County governments, and applicable parts of the HAR § 13-5 et seq.;
- (2) UH Hilo shall obtain appropriate authorization from the Department for the occupancy of stat

(3) UH Hilo shall corules;

Failure to comply with any of these conditions shall render this Conservation District Use Permit null and void.

DATED: Honolulu, Hawai'i, July 26, 2017.

(4) Any work done c two (2) years of t that have been sig be completed wit

Judge Rik May Amano (ret.) Hearing Officer



Status in Hawai'i

- BLNR issued new CDUP for TMT on 9/28/17
- Motion to reconsider by opponents denied
- Appeals of BLNR decision filed in Hawai'i Supreme Court on 10/30/17 and 11/2/17
- On parallel track, the State is appealing a district court decision allowing a contested case for the BLNR concurrence to the sublease to TMT





La Palma

- Because of uncertainties in the outcome and pacing in Hawai'i, TIO decided to evaluate potential alternative sites and select one.
- After 10 months of intense activity, Observatorio del Roque de los Muchachos (ORM) on La Palma, Canary Islands, was selected as the single alternative site.





- M3 Engineering delivered 60% complete facilities design for La Palma in August
- Final construction documents to support contractor bidding will be complete by January 2018

Design Status Report, Design Development

TMT.SUM.TEC.17.008.DRF01

Thirty Meter Telescope Facilities at Observatorio del Roque de los Muchachos

TMT International Observatory, LLC (TIO)

M3-PN160051 : August 25, 2017 : Revision 0

Prepared by: M3 Engineering & Te 2051 W. Sunset Road

Phone Fax E-mail

(520) 293-1488 (520) 293-8349 m3@m3eng.com m3eng.com





ORM on La Palma

- Similar CN² profile and τ_0 values as Maunakea (relevant to AO correction)
- Similar fraction of clear nights as Maunakea
- Lower elevation (2400m vs 3960m)
- Higher latitude (28.9° vs 19.8°)
- Higher mean temperature

Observations are compromised for longer wavelengths because of the lower elevation and higher temperature



Canary Islands Status

- Hosting Agreement MOU between TIO and Institute of Astrophysics in the Canary Islands (IAC) is signed
 - It becomes effective if TMT formally informs IAC that La Palma will be the location for TMT
- Collaboration agreement between TIO, IAC, La Palma government, municipality of Puntagorda signed, defining cooperation
- Environmental Impact Assessment draft has been submitted to government to begin second round of public comment
 - Process should conclude by February/March 2018



Where is this heading?

- Maunakea remains the preferred site for TMT.
- ORM is an excellent alternative should MK prove impractical for any reason.
- TIO board will make a decision about the site in the spring of 2018, with the plan to initiate construction as soon as possible thereafter.



The US Community and TMT



- 2000 & 2010 Decadal Surveys highlighted the importance of US national participation in a Giant Segmented Mirror Telescope (GSMT)
- Reaffirmed in 2015 NRC report on the US Ground-based OIR System

Since 2013, NSF and TMT have participated in a cooperative agreement to engage the US community in TMT development.

"The primary deliverable of this award is to be a partnership model...in which NSF might join the TMT Project on behalf of the US astronomical community."

- AURA is an Associate Member of TMT International Observatory
- NOAO executes the responsibilities and TMT participation activities of AURA, representing the US-at-large community



US TMT Science Working Group



 The US TMT SWG represents the interests of the US astronomical community to the TMT project, SAC and Board

US TMT SWG:

Ian Dell'Antonio (Brown)

Mark Dickinson (NOAO, chair)

Anthony Gonzalez (Florida)

Stephen Kane (SFSU)

Jamie Lloyd (Cornell)

Jennifer Lotz (STScI)

Lucas Macri (TAMU)

Karen Meech (U. Hawaii/IfA)

Susan Neff (NASA-GSFC)

Deborah Padgett (NASA-JPL)

Catherine Pilachowski (Indiana)

Kartik Sheth (NASA-HQ)

Lisa Storrie-Lombardi (IPAC)

AURA reps. to TMT SAC:

Mark Dickinson (NOAO)

Karen Meech (U. Hawaii/IfA)

Ian Dell'Antonio (Brown)

AURA representatives to TIO Board:

Catherine Pilachowski (Indiana) David Silva (NOAO)



US TMT Participation Plan



- US TMT SWG has worked with TIO to develop a US National TMT Participation Plan for the NSF.
 - Draft delivered in May 2016. NSF review is on hold until the TMT site situation is clarified.

Principal recommendations:

- ≥ 20% TMT participation share (≥ 60 nights/year),
 with a minimum of 10%
- Implement cross-partnership TMT large / key projects
- Ensure wide use and re-use of TMT data through high-quality archives & pipelines
- A mix of classical and condition-adaptive queue scheduling

- NOAO
- Consistent, long-term, open access to TMT observing time
 - Create & lead observing programs
 - Remain competitive in the forthcoming worldwide era of new, giant telescopes
- Full participation in observatory governance and scientific planning
- Partnership & leadership in international TMT key projects
- Access and support for using archived TMT data
- Enhanced opportunity to participate in developing TMT instrumentation



TMT International Science Development Teams (ISDTs)



- Open to all PhD astronomers
 - 255 scientists worldwide, 71 from the US-at-large community

Fundamental Physics & Cosmology
Early Universe, Galaxy Evolution, and the IGM
Milky Way and Nearby Galaxies
Supermassive Black Holes
Stars, stellar physics, and the ISM

Formation of Stars & Planets Exoplanets Our Solar System Time Domain Science

- Recent ISDT activities include:
 - Updating the TMT Detailed Science Case
 - Developing ideas for future TMT Key Programs
 - Planning future TMT instrumentation
 - Organizing workshops and conferences



TMT International Science Development Teams (ISDTs)



Annual call for ISDT membership now open!

Applications due 26 January 2018 Information and instructions at:

http://www.tmt.org/page/isdt

US community members welcome!

- Recent ISDT activities include:
 - Updating the TMT Detailed Science Case
 - Developing ideas for future TMT Key Programs
 - Planning future TMT instrumentation
 - Organizing workshops and conferences



https://conferences.pa.ucla.edu/dark-universe/index.html

Shedding Light on the Dark Universe with Extremely Large Telescopes

Asia/Australia meeting in Lanzhou, China from Aug 30-Sept 2, 2017

Americas meeting at UCLA, April 2-6, 2018

Trieste Italy, hosted by ICTP (International Center for Theoretical Physics), July 2-6 2018



TMT Science Forum Mysore, India, November 2017













- Call for white papers for future TMT instruments & AO systems:
 - https://www.tmt.org/announcement/call-for-tmtinstrumentation-white-papers
 - Due 21 March 2018
- TMT SAC will review and recommend a subset of these for feasibility study funding.

https://www.noao.edu/meetings/2020decadal/



NOAO Community Needs for

Science in the 2020s

Decadal Survey Community Planning Workshop Tucson, AZ • February 20-21, 2018

About

/enue

Register

Agenda

Participants

What are the exciting science opportunities of the 2020s? What challenges do we need to meet to accomplish the science? How can NOAO help make it happen?



Acknowledgments

The TMT Project gratefully acknowledges the support of the TMT collaborating institutions. They are the Association of Canadian Universities for Research in Astronomy (ACURA), the California Institute of Technology, the University of California, the National Astronomical Observatory of Japan, the National Astronomical Observatories of China and their consortium partners, and the Department of Science and Technology of India and their supported institutes. This work was supported as well by the Gordon and Betty Moore Foundation, the Canada Foundation for Innovation, the Ontario Ministry of Research and Innovation, the National Research Council of Canada, the Natural Sciences and Engineering Research Council of Canada, the British Columbia Knowledge Development Fund, the Association of Universities for Research in Astronomy (AURA), the U.S. National Science Foundation and the National Institutes of Natural Sciences of Japan.