Thirty-Meter Telescope: TMT



TMT and the NSF

"Planning a Partnership Model for a Giant Segmented Mirror Telescope (GSMT)"

Cooperative Agreement established as a result of TMT response to NSF-AST solicitation

"The primary deliverable of this award is to be a partnership model that might allow NSF to join the TMT Project on behalf of the US astronomical community."

Cooperative Agreement Activities

- US TMT Science Working Group will be established in partnership with NOAO
- US community representation on the TMT Science Advisory Committee and TMT Collaborative Board
- Annual townhall meetings/workshops
- Annual TMT Forum

Goal is to give the US community a voice in defining the TMT Observatory and defining potential NSF role in construction and operation of the project.

How can members of the community participate?

- Become a **member** of the **US TMT Science Working Group** (and perhaps a member of the **TMT SAC**)
- Attend the annual **TMT Forum** as a US community member
- Request a visit to your department/regional meeting to present and discuss the TMT project and US community involvement
- Indicate your interest (via future announcements) in participating in the development of instrumentation for TMT
- **Provide input** through community-wide solicitations about TMT science, TMT instrumentation, and TMT operations.

Indicate your interest by contacting Todd Boroson (tboroson@noao.edu) at NOAO, who is establishing a US TMT Liaison office.

Thirty Meter Telescope (TMT)



Nine times the light collecting area of a Keck 10-m Telescope Twelve times higher spatial resolution than the Hubble Space Telescope for wavelengths where AO can achieve diffraction limit of the primary mirror









First Generation Instrument designs underway

- MOBIE (Wide-field optical spectrometer) PI:R. Bernstein
- IRIS (AO-fed spectrometer and imager) PI: J. Larkin
- **IRMS** (Keck MOSFIRE clone)
- NFIRAOS 180nm WE AO system (HIA)

Instruments are large, expensive and individual subsystems are comparable in scope to instruments for 4-8m telescopes. Instruments will be designed and built through collaborations

TMT Science



TMT light gathering power and very high spatial resolution will revolutionize studies in the areas of:

- the first epoch of star formation in the Universe
- the assembly and evolution of galaxies
- the discovery and characterization of extra solar planets
- New discovery space



Site: Mauna Kea



Mauna Kea



Very stable atmosphere above the site

- Excellent image sharpness
- Leads to excellent adaptive optics correction
- High site: low water vapor, low UV extinction



- University of California and Caltech participation via major gift from the Gordon and Betty Moore Foundation
- ACURA (Canada) has been a partner since 2004
- China, India and Japan have been scientific and technical partners since 2007/8

International Partnership

- Completing the TMT international partnership is a major activity
 - Legal agreements and corporate structure
 - Some partners are preparing construction proposals in 2013 for a 2014 start
 - NSF is undertaking a program to explore partnership in the project





http://www.tmt.org/